Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions

Objective: Complete a function table with a given two operation rule. **Examples:**

The solution of an equation with two variables consists of two numbers, one for each variable, that make the equation true. The solution is usually written as an ordered pair.

The cost to rent a bicycle at the beach includes a rental fee of 5 dollars plus 3 dollars for each hour. The equation for the cost of renting a bicycle is:

C = 3H + 5

Bicycle Rentals			
Hours	3H + 5	Cost (dollars)	
1	3(1) + 5	8	
2	3(2) + 5	11	
3	3(3) + 5	14	
4	3(4) + 5	17	

C is the total cost and **H** is the number of hours.

Complete the following tables:



Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions

Objective: Write an algebraic expression to represent unknown quantities with one unknown and 1 or 2 operations. **Examples:**

The tables below show phrases written as mathematical expressions.

Phrases	Expression
9 more than a number the sum of 9 and a number a number plus 9 a number increased by 9 the total of <i>x</i> and 9	X+9
Phrases	Expression
6 multiplied by <i>g</i> 6 times a number the product of <i>g</i> and 6	6 <i>g</i>

Phrases	Expression
4 subtracted from a number a number minus 4 4 less than a number a number decreased by 4 the difference of <i>h</i> and 4	h - 4
Phrases	Expression
a number divided by 5 the quotient of <i>t</i> and 5 divide a number by 5	$\frac{t}{5}$

Write each phrase as an algebraic expression.

1.) 7 less than <i>m</i>	2.) The quotient of 3 and <i>y</i>
3.) 7 years younger than Jessica	4.) 3 times as many marbles as Bob has
5.) Let t = the number of tomatoes Tye planted last year. This year she planted 3 times as many. Write an algebraic expression to show how many tomatoes Tye planted this year.	6.) Last week Jason sold x number of hot dogs at the football game. This week he sold twice as many as last week, and then he sold 10 more. Write an expression to show how many hot dogs Jason sold this week.

Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions Objective: Evaluate an algebraic expression using one unknown and no more than 2 operations.			
Example 1: Evaluate	6x - 7 if $x = 8$.	Example 2: Evaluate 5m -	- 15 if m = 6.
6x - 7 = 6(8) - 7 = 48 - 7 = 41	Replace x with 8. Use order of operations. Subtract 7 from 48.	5m – 15 = 5(6) – 15 = 30 – 15 = 15	Replace m with 6 Use order of operations. Subtract 15 from 30.
Example 3: Evaluate	$\frac{7b}{3}$ if b = 6.	Example 4: Evaluate x ³ +	4 if x = 3.
$\frac{7b}{3} = \frac{(7)(6)}{3}$	Replace b with 6.	$x^3 + 4 = 3^3 + 4$	Replace x with 3.
$=\frac{42}{3}$	Multiply 6 by 7.	= 27 + 4	Use order of operations.
= 14	Divide.	= 31	Add 27 and 4.
Evaluate the following	expressions using the given values	for a b and c Show each	sten!
1.) Evaluate 6 + 3b	f b = 7	2.) Evaluate $6a^2$ if $a = 1$	4
3.) Evaluate 5(6) – c	if c = 7	4.) Evaluate <u>b</u> ⁴ / ₄ if b = 4	2
5.) Evaluate $\frac{7.5m}{5}$	if m = 2	6.) Evaluate <u>(n)²</u> if n 3	= 9

Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions Objective: Evaluate numeric expressions using order of operations with no more than 4 operations.			
	 Use the order of operations to evaluate numerical expressions. 1. Do all operations within grouping symbols first. 2. Evaluate all powers before other operations. 3. Multiply and divide in order from left to right. 4. Add and subtract in order from left to right. 		
Example 1: Evaluate	14 + 3(7 - 2) - 2 • 5	Example 2: 8 + (1 -	+ 5) ² ÷ 4
$14 + 3(7 - 2) - 2 \cdot 5$ = 14 + 3(5) - 2 \cdot 5 = 14 + 15 - 2 \cdot 5 = 14 + 15 - 10 = 29 - 10 = 19	Subtract first since 7 – 2 is in parentheses Multiply left to right, $3 \cdot 5 = 15$ Multiply left to right, $2 \cdot 5 = 10$ Add left to right, $14 + 15 = 29$ Subtract 10 from 29	$8 + (1 + 5)^{2} \div 4$ = 8 + (6)^{2} \div 4 = 8 + 36 \div 4 = 8 + 9 = 17	Add first since 1 + 5 is in parentheses Find the value of 6 ² Divide 36 by 4 Add 8 and 9
Evaluate each of the f	following. Show each step!		
1.) (2 + 10) ² ÷ 4	2	2.) $(6+5) \cdot (8-6)$	
3.) 72 ÷ 3 – 5(2.8)	+ 9	4.) 3 • 14(10 – 8) –	60
5.) The perimeter of a lengths of all six sides below write a numeric Then evaluate the exp	a hexagon is found by adding the s of the hexagon. For the hexagon cal expression to find the perimeter. pression. $5 \sqrt{\frac{8}{5}} \sqrt{\frac{5}{5}}$	6.) Without parenthese equals 27. Place parent so that it equals 13; the	es, the expression 8 + 30 ÷ 2 + 4 ntheses in the expression en 23.

Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions Objective: Write equations and inequalities - A Examples:

The table below shows sentences written as an equation.

Sentences	Equation
Sixty less than three times the amount is \$59.	
Three times the amount less 60 is equal to 59.	2n = 60 - 50
59 is equal to 60 subtracted from three times a number.	511 - 60 - 59
A number times three minus 60 equals 59.	

Write an equation for each of the following:

1.) 4 less than 3 times a number is 14.	2.) There are 5 people in Johnny's rock band. They made x dollars playing at a dance hall. After dividing the money 5 ways, each person got \$67.
3.) The Washington Monument is 555 feet tall. It is 75 feet shorter than the Gateway to the West Arch.	4.) The lifespan of a zebra is 15 years. The lifespan of a black bear is 3 years longer than the lifespan of a zebra. Write an addition equation that you could use to find the lifespan of a bear.
5.) A gardening expert recommends that flower bulbs be planted to a depth of three times their height. Suppose Jenna determines that a certain bulb should be planted at a depth of 4.5 inches. Write an equation to find the height of the bulb.	6.) The electric company charges \$0.06 per kilowatt hour of electricity used. Write a multiplication equation to find the number of kilowatt hours of electricity for which the Estevez family was charged if their electric bill was \$45.84.

Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions Objective: Write equations and inequalities - B				
An inequality is a mathematical sentence that contains the symbols \langle , \rangle, \leq , or \geq .				
	Words		Symbols	
	<i>m</i> is greater than 7.		<i>m</i> > 7	
	r is less than -4 .	~	r < -4	
	t is greater than or equal to t	ō.	$t \ge 6$	
	y is less than or equal to 1.		$y \le 1$	
Examples:				
1) Two times a num	ber is greater than 10 $2x$ > 10			
2) Three less than a	a number is less than or equal to 7.	x – 3	= 7	
3) The sum of a nu	mber and 1 is at least 5. $\mathbf{x} + 1 \ge 1$	5		
4) Cody has \$50 to	spend. How many shirts can he buy	at \$16.	50 each? 16.50x	: ≤ 50
Write an inequality for ea	ach of the following:			
1.) Five times a number	r is greater than 25.	2.) Th	e sum of a number	and 6 is at least 15.
3.) 24 divided by some	number is less than 7.	4.) Fiv	e dollars less than	two times Chris' pay is at most
		\$124.		
5.) In Ohio, you can get	your license when you turn 16.	6.) Su	ppose a DVD cost	s \$19 and a CD costs \$14. Write
verte an inequality to she	ow the age of all drivers in Ohio.	an inec	Juality to find now n	nany CDs you can buy along with
			D li you nave \$00	to spend.

Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions Objective: Determine the unknown in a linear equation with 1 or 2 operations			
Remember, equations must always remain balanced. If you add or subtract the same number from each side of an equation, the two sides remain equal. If you multiply or divide the same number from each side of an equation, the two sides remain equal. 			
Example 1: Solve $x + 5 = 11$ $x + 5 = 11$ $x - 5 = -5$ $x = 6$ Simplify	x + 5 = 11 Write the equation 6 + 5 = 11 Replace x with 6 11 = 11 ✓ The sentence is true		
Example 2: Solve $-21 = -3y$ $-21 = -3y$ $-3 = -3$ Divide each side by -3 $7 = y$ Simplify	 - 21 = - 3y Write the equation - 21 = - 3(7) Replace the y with 7 - 21 = - 21? Multiply – is the sentence true? 		
Example 3: Solve $3x + 2 = 23$ 3x + 2 = 23 Write the equation -2 = -2 Subtract 2 from each side 3x = 21 Simplify 3 = 21 Simplify x = 7 Simplify	3x + 2 = 23 Write the equation 3(7) + 2 = 23? Replace x with 7 21 + 2 = 23? Multiply 23 = 23? Add – is the sentence true?		
1.) Solve x – 9 = -12	2.) Solve 48 = - 6r		
3.) Solve 2t + 7 = -1	4.) Solve 4t + 3.5 = 12.5		
 5.) It costs \$12 to attend a golf clinic with a local pro. Buckets of balls for practice during the clinic cost \$3 each. How many buckets can you buy at the clinic if you have \$30 to spend? 	6.) An online retailer charges \$6.99 plus \$0.55 per pound to ship electronics purchases. How many pounds is a DVD player for which the shipping charge is \$11.94?		

Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions Objective: Solve for the unknown in an inequality with one variable.		
An inequality is a mathematical senter	ce that contains	the symbols \langle , \rangle, \leq , or \geq .
Words	Symbols	Example 2: Solve 2x + 8 < 24
<i>m</i> is greater than 7.	m > 7	2x + 8 < 24 Write the inequality
t is greater than or equal to 6.	$t \ge 6$	- 8 - 8 Subtract 8 from each side
y is less than or equal to 1.	<i>y</i> ≤ 1	$\frac{2x}{2}$ $\frac{10}{2}$ Divide each side by 2
		x < 8 Simplify
Example 1: Solve $v + 3 < 5$		Check: Try 7 a number less than 8
- 3 - 3 Subtract 3 from each side		2x + 8 < 24 Write the inequality
v < 2 Simplify		2(7) + 8 < 24 Replace x with 7
		14 + 8 < 24 Multiply 7 by 2
Check: Try 1, a number less than 2		22 < 24? Is the sentence true? yes
v + 3 < 5 Write the inequality		
1+3 < 5 Replace v with 1 4 < 52 is this contange true?	Voc	
	усэ	
1.) Solve y + 5 ≤14		2.) Solve 6u ≥ 36
3.) Solve 5y + 1 < 36		4.) Solve $4x - 6 > -10$
5.) The speed limit on highways in Florida i	s 70 miles per	6.) You have \$80. Jeans cost \$29 and shirts cost \$12.
hour. Write and solve an inequality to find h	ow long it will	Mom told you to buy one pair of jeans and use the rest of
take you to travel the 105 miles from Orland	o to St.	the money to buy shirts. Use this information to write and
Augustine if you traver at or below the speed		Solve an inequality. How many shirts you can buy?







Unit: Knowledge of Algebra, Patterns, and Functions		
Objective: Graph ordered pairs in a coordinate plane.		
The coordinate plane is used to locate points. The horizontal number line is the x-axis . The vertical number line is the y-axis . Their intersection is the origin . Points are located using ordered pairs . The first number in an ordered pair is the x-coordinate ; the second number is the y-coordinate . The coordinate plane is separated into four sections called quadrants .		
Example 1: Name the ordered pair for point P. Then identify the	quadrant in which P lies.	
Start at the origin.	Ouadrant 2 Ouadrant 1	
• Move 4 units left along the <i>x</i> -axis.		
• Move 3 units up on the y-axis.		
P is in the upper left quadrant or quadrant II		
Example 2: Graph and label the point M (0, - 4).	-4-3-2 1 2 3 4 x	
Start at the origin.		
 Move 0 units along the x-axis. 	-3 $M(0, -4)$	
Move 4 units down on the y-axis.		
• Draw a dot and label it $M(0, -4)$.	Quadrant 3 Quadrant 4	
1.) Name the ordered pair for each point graphed at the	2.) Find each of the points below on the coordinate plane.	
right. Then identify the quadrant in which each point lies.	Then identify the quadrant in which each point lies.	
	Coordinates Quadrant	
P (,)	$ \begin{array}{c} A (_, _) \\ F \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ B \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ B \\ \end{array} \end{array} $	
	$J (,) \qquad \qquad$	
-4-3-2 O 1 2 3 4x	$ \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ B & (& &) \end{array} \right) = \begin{array}{c} & & \\ -5-4-3-2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5x \\ \hline & & & -5-4-3-2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5x \\ \hline & & & & -5-4-3-2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5x \\ \hline & & & & & -5-4-3-2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5x \\ \hline & & & & & & -5-4-3-2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5x \\ \hline & & & & & & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & &$	
S (,)	п (<u> , </u>	
3.) Graph and label each point on the coordinate plane.	4.) Graph and label each point on the coordinate plane.	
N (3, -1)	D (0, 4)	
P (-2, 4)	E (5, 5)	
Q (-3, -4) $-6-5-4-3-2$ O 1 2 3 4 5 $6x$	G (-3, 0) $-6-5-4-3-2$ O 1 2 3 4 5 6 \overline{x}	
R (0, 0)	H (-6, -2) $-\frac{-2}{-3}$	
S (-5, 0)	J (0, -2)	

Unit: Knowle Objective: Ide	dge of Algebra entify and descri	, Patterns, and Functions ibe the change represented in a	a table of values	s; identify incre	ease, decrease, or no change.
Example: Loc Identify the cha	ok at the table be ange as increas	elow. How are Wages (y) affec . ing, decreasing , or no chang	ted by the numl e. Describe the	ber of Hours V e changes in y	Vorked (x)? -values.
		Hours Worked (x)	Wages	s (y)	
		2	\$14	4	
		4	\$28	8	
		6	\$42	2	
		8	\$50	6	
Identify the cha	Wages increa	As the Hours Worked (x) ir se by \$14 dollars for every 2 ole of values as increasing, de	ncrease, the wa hours worked creasing, or no	ages (y) incre (or \$7 for eve o change. De	ase. ery hour worked). scribe the changes in y-values.
1.)			2.)		
Homework Minutes (x)	Test Grades (y)		Time Hours (x)	Distance Miles (y)	
25	61		1	50	
35	74		2	100	
45	87		3	150	
55	100		4	200	
3.)			4.)		
Temperature (x)	Dewpoint (y)		Cell Phone Pla Minutes (x)	an Cost (y)
68°	1.9 [°]		625	\$59.9	9
76°	1.3°		723	\$59.9	9
91°	0.7 [°]		829	\$59.9	9
104°	0.1°		899	\$59.9	9
5.)			6.)		
Month (x)	Fee (\$) (y)		Oil changes per year (x)	Cost of Car Repairs \$ (y)	_
	22		0	1000	-
2	44		1	700	-
3	66		2	400	-
4	88		3	100	

I



















Unit: Knowledge of Geometry

Objective: Identify the result of one translation, reflection, or rotation – A

A **translation** is the movement of a geometric figure in some direction without turning the figure. When translating a figure, every point of the original figure is moved the same distance and in the same direction. To graph a translation of a figure, move each vertex of the figure in the given direction. Then connect the new vertices.

Example: Triangle ABC has vertices A(- 4, - 2), B(- 2, 0), and C(- 1, - 3). Find the vertices of triangle A'B'C' after a translation of 5 units right and 2 units up.

Ad	d 5 to each x-coordina	ate Ao	dd 2 to each y-coordinate
V	$ \text{ `ertices of } \triangle ABC$	(x + 5, y + 2)	Vertices of $\triangle A'B'C'$
	A(-4, -2)	(-4 + 5, -2 + 2)	A'(1, 0)
	B(-2, 0)	(-2 + 5, 0 + 2)	B'(3, 2)
	C(-1, -3)	(-1 + 5, -3 + 2)	C'(4, -1)



The coordinates of the vertices of \triangle A'B'C' are A'(1, 0), B'(3, 2), and C'(4, - 1).

1.) Translate Δ GHI 1 unit left and 5 units down.	2.) Translate rectangle LMNO 3 units up and 4 units right.
3.) ΔXYZ has vertices X(-4, 5), Y(-1, 3), and Z(-2, 0). Find the vertices of $\Delta X'Y'Z$ after a translation of 4 units right and 3 units down. Then graph the figure and its translated image.	4.) Parallelogram RSTU has vertices R (-1, -3), S (0, -1), T (4, -1), and U (3, -3). Find the vertices of R'S'T'U' after a translation of 3 units left and 3 units up. Then graph the figure and its translated image.

Unit: Knowledge of Geometry

Objective: Identify the result of one translation, reflection, or rotation – B

A type of transformation where a figure is flipped over a line of symmetry is a **reflection**. To draw the reflection of a polygon, find the distance from each vertex of the polygon to the line of symmetry. Plot the new vertices the same distance from the line of symmetry but on the other side of the line. Then connect the new vertices to complete the reflected image.

• To reflect a point over the x-axis, use the same x-coordinate and multiply the y-coordinate by -1.

• To reflect a point over the y-axis, use the same y-coordinate and multiply the x-coordinate by -1.

Example: Triangle **DEF** has vertices **D**(2, 2), **E**(5, 4), and **F**(1, 5). Find the coordinates of the vertices of **DEF** after a reflection over the x-axis. Then graph the figure and its reflected image.

Vertices of $\triangle DEF$	Distance from x-axis	Vertices of △D'E'F'
D(2,2)	2	D'(2, -2)
E(5, 4)	4	$E'^{(5, -4)}$
F(1, 5)	5	F'(1, -5)



Plot the vertices and connect them to form ΔDEF . The x-axis is the line of symmetry. The distance from a point on ΔDEF to the line of symmetry is the same as the distance from the line of symmetry to the reflected image.

1.) \triangle **ABC** has vertices **A**(0, 4), **B**(2, 1), and **C**(4, 3). Find the coordinates of the vertices of **ABC** after a reflection over the **x**-axis. Then graph the figure and its reflected image.

		y.	_		
-		0			x
			,		

2.) Rectangle **MNOP** has vertices M(-2, -4), N(-2, -1), O(3, -1), and P(3, -4). Find the coordinates of the vertices of **MNOP** after a reflection over the **x**-axis. Then graph the figure and its reflected image.

		y i			
		0			x
			1		

3.) Trapezoid **WXYZ** has vertices W(-1, 3), X(-1, -4), Y(-5, -4), and Z(-3, 3).). Find the coordinates of the vertices of **WXYZ** after a reflection over the **y**-axis. Then graph the figure and its reflected image.

		y,	1		
\vdash					Н
					Η
		0			x
\vdash					Н
\vdash					Н
			,		Η

4.) A corporate plaza is to be built around a small lake. Building 1 has already been built. Suppose there are axes through the lake as shown. Show where Building 2 should be built if it will be a reflection of Building 1 across the y-axis followed by a reflection across the x-axis.



Unit: Knowledge of Geometry Objective: Identify the result of one translation, reflection, or rotation - C A type of transformation where a figure is turned around a fixed point is called a rotation. The figure can be rotated 90° clockwise, 90° counterclockwise, or 180° about the origin. • To rotate a figure 90° clockwise, switch the coordinates of each point and multiply the new second coordinate by -1. • To rotate a figure 90° counterclockwise, switch the coordinates of each point and multiply the new first coordinate by -1. • To rotate a figure 180°, multiply both coordinates of each point by -1. **Example:** Graph the image of the figure after a rotation of 90° clockwise. T (- 4, - 2) **T'**(-2,4) V'(-1, 2)V'(-5, 2)Z'(-3, 4)**V**(- 2, - 1) Х **W**(-2, -5) **Z**(-4, -3) **Z**'(- 3, 4) **1.)** Graph the image of the figure after a rotation of 90° 2.) Graph the image of the figure after a rotation of 180°. counterclockwise. T(- 4, - 2) T'(___, ___) T(- 4, - 2) T'(___, ___) V(- 2, - 1) V'(___, ___) V(- 2, - 1) V'(___, ___) X W(- 2, - 5) W'(___, ___) 0 W'(___, ___) 0 X W(- 2, - 5) Z(-4,-3) Z'(,) Z(- 4, - 3) Z'(___, ___) 3.) Graph the image of the figure after a rotation of 90° **4.)** Graph the image of the figure after a rotation of 180°. clockwise. B(___,__) B'(___, ___) B(_____) B'(___, ___) B C(___,___) C'(___, ___) C'(___, ___) 0 X 0 X J(___,___) J'(___, ___) J(___,___) J'(___, ___) V(___,___) V'(___, ___) V'(___, ___) V(____)







Unit: Knowledge of Measurement **Objective:** Determine the missing dimensions for a polygon. A scale drawing represents something that is too large or too small to be drawn at actual size. Similarly, a scale model can be used to represent something that is too large or too small for an actual-size model. The scale gives the relationship between the drawing/model measure and the actual measure. **Example:** On this drawing of a swimming pool, each square has a side length of ¹/₄ inch. What is the actual width of the pool? Width of Pool Scale drawing ___ ¼ inch 1 ³/₄ inches drawing actual → 2 feet w feet - actual $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \mathbf{w} = \frac{14}{4}$ cross multiply Scale 1/4 inch = 2 ft. simplify - multiply **w** = 14 each side by 4 The width of the pool is 14 feet. Use a ruler to complete the following. 1.) Measure AB and determine the actual length in feet 2.) Measure XY and determine the actual length in meters using the scale. using the scale. W С Α Х Ζ Scale 1 in = 3 ft B D Scale 1 cm = 2.5 m3.) Sherry is designing a garden. She drew the following 4.) The Roberts made a drawing of their deck with a scale scale drawing for the garden with a scale of .25 cm = 3 m. of $\frac{1}{4}$ inch = 2 feet. Use a ruler to determine the actual Use a ruler to determine the actual width \overline{AB} of the garden. length of side MN of the deck. Μ R A F Ν 0 Ε D С Р B 0

Unit: Knowledge of Measurement

Objective: Determine the distance between 2 points using a drawing and a scale.

A **scale drawing** represents something that is too large or too small to be drawn at actual size. Similarly, a **scale model** can be used to represent something that is too large or too small for an actual-size model. The **scale** gives the relationship between the drawing/model measure and the actual measure.

Example: On this map, each grid unit represents 50 yards. Find the distance from Patrick's Point to Agate Beach.



Unit: Knowledge of Statistics **Objective:** Organize & Display data use back-to-back stem & leaf plots Examples: In a stem & leaf plot, the data are organized from least to greatest. The digits of the least place value (ones) usually form the leaves, and the next place value digits (tens) form the stems. A back-to-back stem & leaf is two stem & leaf plots using the same stem, and is used to compare to sets of data. Steps for creating a back-to-back stem and leaf plot: Step 1:.Order each set of data from least to greatest. Decide which digits will be the stems and which will be the leaves. Step 2: List the stems in order from least to greatest, being sure to list stems that will include both sets of data. Step 3: Using one set of data, write the leaves for each stem from the center to the right, ordering it from least to greatest. Step 4: Using the other set of data, write the leaves for each stem from the center to the left, ordering it from least to greatest. Step 5: Write a key that explains how to read both sides of the plot. Example: **Test Scores** Loveless Weaver 54432100 7 01356 4321 8 6665543 9 000133555579 220 10 0112 Key 72% = 2 | 7 | 3 = 73% **1.)** Listed below are the heights of 18 2.) Listed below are the number of points made during the last 10 basketball students in a 7th grade gym class, recorded games: in inches: Game Jaguars Lions Boys: 60, 62, 57, 49, 53, 57, 61, 62, 63, 55 56 Girls: 63, 54, 57, 70, 54, 56, 64, 62 68 1 2 74 74 3 56 66 93 4 62 5 58 98 6 52 102 62 7 84 8 82 78 9 38 78 10 90 54 3.) Listed below are the test scores for Ms. 4.) Listed below are the number of hours that Shawn and Taylor study each Robert's period 2 and period 3 classes: week: Week 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Pd 2: 54, 78, 85, 94, 70, 64, 100, 76, 38, 89 Shawn 0 2 8 3 11 14 10 9 21 **Pd 3:** 67, 79, 83, 90, 91, 91, 74, 87, 100, 8 16 9 17 15 20 22 18 15 Taylor 100



Unit: Knowledge of Statistics

Objective: Determine the best choice of a data display for a given data set. **Examples:**

Different types of graphs are better suited for certain types of data.

Bar Graph – Use when comparing data (Ex. Football teams and # of wins)

Line Graph – Use when data is over time (Ex. Rainfall each month for 1 year)

Circle Graph (Pie Graph) – Use when data is dealing with \$ or % (Ex. Allowance – how you spend it)

Stem & Leaf Plot – Use to show individual data (Ex. Class test scores)

Back-to-Back Stem & Leaf Plot – Use when comparing 2 large sets of data & showing individual data scores

Directions: Look at the following situations and tell what type of graph would be the best choice to display the data. Choose BAR, LINE, CIRCLE, or STEM & LEAF.

1.) How tax dolla	r the Federal Govern	nment spends each	part of your	2.) heig	You a ht fro	re kee m age	eping 3 mo	track c nths to	of you o 5 ye	ir little ears o	siste Id	r's/br	other	S
3.) Lenç	gths of the 5 largest	rivers in the world		4.)	Numb	er of p	points	score	d in e	each g	ame	durin	g the	99-
				00 5	Seaso	n								
				Rec	lskins	<u>s:</u> 35	50	27	38	24	20	21	26	
				21	48	17	28	23	20	1/	28			
						40	00	47	40		•	40		•
				Rav	ens:	10	20	1/	19	11	8	10	41	3
5.)	Otrada a ta suda	a state a la se		6.)	Г		# . 6 0		4 4	h . 7.				
	Students wh	IO FIDE A DUS			_		# 01 8	pecie	s at t		00			
	IEAR	SIUDENIS			_	1	200	1		SPEC				
	2000	333			_	LOS	Ange			35	0			
	2001	297				Lind		ark		29	0			
	2002	360			_	Ci		ati		/0	0			
	2003	365				<u> </u>	Bronx	0.1		53	0			
						Okla	homa	City		60	0			

Unit: Knowledge of Statistics

Melissa

Objective: Compare the measures of central tendency (mean, median, mode) to determine which is most appropriate. **Examples:**

	MEAN	MEDIAN	MODE
What is it?	Average	Middle #	# shown the MOST often
How to find it?		Order data from least to	Look at data &
	<u>Sum of Data (+)</u>	greatest, then find the	Find the # that
	# of Data Points (÷)	middle #	appears the most.
		2 middle #s - Average	2 modes – Bimodal
Most Useful when:	Data has no outliers	Data has outliers	Data has many identical
	Outliers are REALLY low & high	There are no large gaps in	(same) #s
	#s	the middle of the data	

Use the table at the right.		Caribbea	n Islands	
	Island	Area (Sq Mi)	Island	Area (Sq Mi)
Find the mean, median, &	Antiqua	108	Martinique	425
mode of the data.	Aruba	75	Puerto Rico	3,339
Mean: 488.3	Barbados	166	Tobago	116
Median: 150	Curacao	171	Virgin Islands, UL	59
Mode: None	Dominica	290	Virgin Islands, US	134

Which measure of central tendency would be misleading in describing the size of the islands? Explain.

The mean could be misleading since the areas of all but one of the islands are less than that value.

Which measure would most accurately describe the data? Median

Use the table that shows the	e that shows the miles of shoreline for five swer questions 1 – 3. Miles of Shoreline State Length of Shoreline (mi) irginia 3,315 aryland 3,190		'e	1.) Determine the mean, median, and mode of the data.	
states to answer questions	1 – 3.				
Miles of	Shoreline				2.) Which measure of central tendency is misleading in
State	Length o	of Shoreli	ne (mi)		describing the miles of shoreline for the states? Explain
Virginia		3,315			
Maryland		3,190			2) Which managura of control tandonay most accurately
Washington		3,026			3.) Which measure of central tendency most accurately
North Carolina		3,375			describes the data? Explain.
Pennsylvania		89			
Book Sales: Use the table	below that	shows t	he		4.) Determine the mean, median, & mode of the data.
number of books sold eac	n dav for 20	davs to	answe	r	•
questions 3 – 5		,			
	Rook Salas De	r Dav			5) Which measure of central tendency would be
23	18 23	15 15	_		5.7 Which measure of central tendency would be measure
23	10 23	13			misleading in describing the book sales & which measure
24	10 0	17			most accurately describes the data? Explain.
19	10 13	16			
12	23 11	27			
30	24 12	21			
6) Michael & Melissa both	laim to bo or	orning o	Cavora	000	70% to 70% in their Latin Class. Use the table below to
				iye,	
explain their reasoning and o	etermine wr	nich stud	ent is ea	arnır	ig a C average.
G	RADES (%)				
Test 1 Test 2 Te	st 3 Test 4	Test 5	Test 6	Tes	st 7
Michael 80 76	73 70	40	25	1	0

Unit: Knowledge of Probability	
Objective: Identify a sample space and determine the numb	er of outcomes using no more than 3 independent events.
■ Sample Space is a listing of all the possible outco	mes in a probability experiment. One way to determine
sample space is to draw a tree diagram.	
A family has two children. Draw a tree diagram to show	the sample space of the children's genders. Then
determine the probability of the family having two girls.	Sample Space
Boy	Bov. Bov
Boy	
Girl —	Boy, Girl
	Probability (Girl, Girl) = $\frac{1}{4}$
Girl Boy	Giri, Boy 4
Girl	———— Girl, Girl
FUNDAMENTAL COUNTING PRINCIPLE is used to sutcome. Multiply the number of neosibilities for	quickly determine the total number of possible
outcomes. Multiply the number of possibilities to	r each event together.
An ice cream sundae at the Ice Cream Shoppe is made fi	om one flavor of ice cream and one topping. For ice
cream flavors, you can choose from chocolate, vanilla, a	nd strawberry. For toppings, you can have hot fudge,
butterscotch, caramel, and marshmallow. Determine the	number of different sundaes that are possible.
# of ice cream flavors x	# of toppings
(Chocolate, Vanina, Strawberry) (Hot	A
12 total possible outcome	S
1.) A certain type of kickboard scooter comes in silver, red,	2) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in #1 to show the
or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180	sample space.
or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size	sample space.
or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations.	sample space.
or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations.	sample space.
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her 	4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of 	 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. 	 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. 	 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes?
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple 	 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # 1 to show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # 1 to show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue
or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # Ho show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue Yellow
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White 5.) Craig stops at a gas station to fill his tank. He must 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # 1 to show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue Yellow 6.) Determine the total number of outcomes by choosing a
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White 5.) Craig stops at a gas station to fill his tank. He must choose between full-service or self-service and between 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # Ho show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue Yellow 6.) Determine the total number of outcomes by choosing a vowel from the word COMPUTER and a consonant from
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White 5.) Craig stops at a gas station to fill his tank. He must choose between full-service or self-service and between regular, midgrade, and premium gasoline. Draw a tree 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # 1 to show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue Green Brown White Blue Green Brown White Blue Are Blue Are
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White 5.) Craig stops at a gas station to fill his tank. He must choose between full-service or self-service and between regular, midgrade, and premium gasoline. Draw a tree diagram showing the possible combinations of service and gasoline type. How many possible combinations of service and gasoline type. 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # Ho show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue Yellow 6.) Determine the total number of outcomes by choosing a vowel from the word COMPUTER and a consonant from the word BOOK.
 or purple with wheel sizes of 125 millimeters or 180 millimeters. Determine the total number of color-wheel size combinations. 3.) Charlene packed 4 shirts and 3 pairs of pants for her trip to the beach. Make a tree diagram to show all of Charlene's possible outfits. Blue, Yellow, Green, Purple Jeans, Khaki, White 5.) Craig stops at a gas station to fill his tank. He must choose between full-service or self-service and between regular, midgrade, and premium gasoline. Draw a tree diagram showing the possible combinations are there? 	 2.) Draw a tree diagram of the situation in # 1 to show the sample space. 4.) The table below shows the shirts, shorts, and shoes in George's wardrobe. How many possible outfits can he choose consisting of one shirt, one pair of shorts, and one pair of shoes? SHIRTS SHORTS SHOES Red Beige Black Blue Green Brown White Blue Green Brown 6.) Determine the total number of outcomes by choosing a vowel from the word COMPUTER and a consonant from the word BOOK.

Unit: Knowledge of Probability

Objective: Determine the probability of an event comprised of 2 independent events. **Examples:**

- INDEPENDENT EVENTS: the outcome of one event does NOT affect the outcome of the 2nd event.
- The probability of two independent events can be found by multiplying the probability of the first event by the probability of the second event.
- $\blacksquare P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$

A number cube is rolled, and the spinner at the right is spun. Determine the probability of rolling a 2 and spinning a vowel.

 $P(2 \text{ and vowel}) = P(2) \times P(vowel)$

1	v	2 _	2	_ 1
6	^	5	30	15



A coin is tossed and a number cube is rolled. Find the probability of tossing tails and rolling a 5.

P (tails, 5) = **P** (tails) **x P** (5) 1 1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ **x** $\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$

1.) A coin is tossed, and a number cube is rolled. What is the probability of tossing heads, and rolling a 3 or a 5?	2.) A red and a blue number cube are rolled. Determine the probability that an odd number is rolled on the red cube and a number greater than 1 is rolled on the blue cube.	
3.) One letter is randomly selected from the word PRIME and one letter is randomly selected from the word MATH. What is the probability that both letters selected are vowels?	4.) What is the probability of spinning a number greater than 5 on a spinner numbered 1 to 8 and tossing a tail on a coin?	
5.) Kid's Carnival Meals Choose 1 from each column Chicken Nuggets French Fries Hamburger Apple slices Cheeseburger Pizza What is the probability that Joey will choose a hamburger and apple slices?	6.) Red Blue Yellow Green For his probability experiment, Ryan is going to spin a spinner and roll a six-sided number cube. What is the probability of spinning "Red" and rolling a "2"?	

Unit: Knowledge of Probability Objective: Make predictions and express probability of the results of a survey or simulation as a fraction, decimal, or percent A Examples: Experimental probability can also be based on past performances and can be used to make			
predictions on future events.]	SIDE DISH	# of People
In a company 400 magnitudes actual to many their force site	Indonondonoo	Potato Salad	55
In a survey, 100 people were asked to name their favorite Independence Day side dishes. What is the experimental probability of macaroni salad being someone's favorite dish?		Green Salad Or vegetables	25
There were 100 people surveyed and 12 chose macaroni	salad, SO the	Macaroni salad	12
experimental probability is $\frac{12}{100} = \frac{3}{25}$.	l	Colesiaw	8
Suppose 250 people attend the city's Independence Day macaroni salad as their favorite side dish?	barbecue. How many	can be expected to	choose
Write a proportion. $\frac{3}{25} = \frac{x}{250}$ (U	Jse the experimental p	obability in the propor	tion.)
Solve by using cross products. $25x = 3(250)$ About 30 will choose macaroni salad. $x = 30$			
1.) Using the table in the example, what is the experimental probability of potato salad being someone's favorite dish?2.) Using the information in the example and quest about how many people can be expected to choos salad as their favorite dish if 400 attend the barbed		d question 1, choose potato barbecue?	
3.) In a survey, 50 people were asked to pick which movie they would see this weekend. Twenty chose <i>Horror Story</i> , 15 chose <i>The Ink Well</i> , 10 chose <i>The Monkey House</i> , and 5 chose <i>Little Rabbit</i> . What is the experimental probability of someone wanting to see <i>The Monkey House</i> ?	4.) Using the information from question # 3, suppose 300 people are expected to attend a movie theater this weekend to see one of the four movies listed. How many can be expected to see <i>The Monkey House</i> ?		
X Games	For questions 5 & 6, The graph shows the students were asked sport. 5.) Suppose 500 peo can be expected to ch	use the graph show e results of a survey I to name their favori ple attend the X Game loose Inline as their fa	n at the left. in which 50 ite X Game es. How many vorite sport?
0 BM ⁺ Inine Noto ⁺ Speed Cimbing Nakeboaling GKateboaling Speed Nakeboaling	6.) Suppose 500 peo can be expected to ch sport?	ple attend the X Game loose speed climbing	es. How many as their favor
opon			

Unit: Knowledge of Probability Objective: Make predictions and express probability of the results of a survey or simulation as a fraction,			
decimal, or percent B Examples:			
Probability is a way to measure the chance that an event will occ event.	eur. You can use this formula to determine the probability, P, of an		
$P = \frac{\text{number of far}}{\text{number of res}}$	vorable outcomes		
number of po	des de la comes		
Probability can be expressed as a FRACTION, DECIMAL	, or PERCENT.		
A jar contains 10 purple, 3 orange, and 12 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at random. Determine the probability that you will pick a purple marble. Express your answer in a fraction, decimal, and %.			
Step 1 – Determine the total # of marbles. 10 + 3 + 12 = 2 Step 2 – Determine the probability of picking a purple mark	25 ble. P(purple) = <u>number of purple</u> = $10 \div 5 = 2$		
Step 3 – Simplify the fraction.	Total marbles $25 \div 5 = 5$		
Step 4 – Convert Fraction to a Decimal – Divide. 2 ÷ 5 = Step 5 – Convert Decimal to a % - Move decimal 2 places	= 0.4 to the right. 0.4 = 40%		
1.) A six-sided number cube is rolled, and the spinner below is spun. Determine the probability of rolling a 3 and	2.) When Monica rolled her number cube 100 times, she had these results:		
spinning blue. (B=blue, R=red) Express your answer as a fraction, a decimal, and a %.	Number on cube Frequency		
	2 18		
	3 21		
	5 17		
	6 16		
В	What is the experimental probability of rolling a number		
	and a percent.		
3) A jar contains 15 grange 14 white 10 pink 2 groop	A) A jar contains 15 orango 14 white 10 pink 2 groop		
and 9 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at random.	and 9 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at random.		
Determine the probability for the following situation. Express your answer in Fraction Decimal and % forms	Determine the probability for the following situation. Express your answer in Fraction. Decimal, and % forms.		
P (not blue) =	P (pink or orange) =		
5.) A six-sided die is rolled 20 times and the results are	6.) A six-sided die is rolled 25 times and the results are		
fives, 2 sixes. What is the experimental probability of	fives, 4 sixes. What is the experimental probability of		
rolling a number greater than four? Express your answer in Fraction Decimal and % forms	rolling a number greater than four? Express your answer in fraction, decimal, and % forms		

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation			
Objective: Read, write, and represent whole numbers using exponential notation. Examples:			
	Exponent		
34	$= (3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3) = 81$		
Base	Common factors		
Write 6 ³ as a product of the same factor.	Base = 6, so the exponent 3 means that 6 is used as a factor 3 times. ANSWER : $6^3 = 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6$		
Evaluate 5⁴. Evaluate means to solve.	$5^4 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 625$		
Write $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$ in exponential form.Base = 4. It is used as a factor 5 times so the exponent is 5.ANSWER: $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = 4^5$			
1.) Write 15 ⁴ as a product of the same factor.	2.) Write 2 ⁷ as a product of the same factor.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
3.) Evaluate 7 ³ .	4.) Evaluate 8 ⁴ .		
5.) Write 9 • 9 • 9 • 9 • 9 in exponential form.	6.) Write 12 • 12 • 12 in exponential form.		

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Express decimals using expanded form. Examples:

You can write decimals in EXPANDED NOTATION using place value and decimals or their fraction equivalents as shown.

Decimal	0.1	0.01	0.001	0.0001
Fraction	1	1	1	1
	$\overline{10}$	$\overline{10^2}$	$\overline{10^3}$	$\overline{10^4}$

Write 2.814 in expanded notation using decimals and using fractions.

Write the product of each digit and its place value.

$$2.814 = (2 \times 1) + (8 \times 0.1) + (1 \times 0.01) + (4 \times 0.001)$$

2.814 = (2 x 1) + (8 x
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
) + (1 x $\frac{1}{10^2}$) + (4 x $\frac{1}{10^3}$)

1.) Write 6.79 in expanded notation using decimals.	2.) Write 6.79 in expanded notation using fractions.
3.) Write 0.0072 in expanded notation using decimals.	4.) Write 0.625 in expanded notation using fractions.
5.) Last week 3.9157 million people watched American Idol. Write the viewer number in expanded notation using decimals.	6.) The northern blossom bat is one of the world's smallest bats. It weighs just 0.53 ounce. Write its weight in expanded notation using fractions.

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation			
Objective: Determine equivalent forms of rational numbers expressed as fractions, decimals, percents, and ratios A			
Examples:			
To write a decimal as a fraction, divide the numerator	of the fraction by the denominator.		
Use a power of ten in the denominator to change a de	cimal to a fraction.		
A			
$\frac{0.555}{5}$			
write $-$ as a decimal. $9/5.000 = 0.5$ because 5 i	epeats forever.		
- 45			
50			
- 4 5			
50			
<u>- 45</u>			
Write 0.32 as a fraction in simplest form $0.32 = 3$	$\frac{2}{2} = \frac{\div 4}{-8}$		
$\frac{1}{10}$	$\overline{00} - \overline{\div 4} - \overline{25}$		
1.) Write 0.735353535 using bar notation to represent	2) Write ³ as a decimal		
the repeating decimal.	5		
~			
3.) Write $4\frac{5}{2}$ as a decimal.	4.) vvrite 0.94 as a traction in simplest form.		
, 8			
5.) vvrite 0.48 as a fraction in simplest form.	b.) I nere were 6 girls and 18 boys in Mrs. Johnson's math		
	class. write a ratio of the # of girls to the # of boys in		
	iraction form. Then write the fraction as a repeating		
	decimal.		

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Determine equivalent forms of rational numbers expressed as fractions, decimals, percents, and ratios B			
Examples: A RATIO is a comparison of two numbers by division. When a ratio compares a number to 100, it can be written as a PERCENT. To write a ratio or fraction as a percent, find an equivalent fraction with a denominator of 100. You can also use the meaning of percent to change percents to fractions.			
Write $\frac{19}{20}$ as a percent. $\frac{19}{20} \cdot \frac{5}{5} = \frac{95}{100} = 95\%$ Since 100 ÷ 20 =	5, multiply the numerator and denominator by 5.		
Write 92% as a fraction in simplest form. $\frac{92}{100} = \frac{\div 4}{\div 4} = \frac{23}{25}$			
Write 92% as a decimal. Move decimal two places to	the left. Add zeros if needed. 92.0% = 0.92		
Write 0.4 as a percent. Move decimal two places to	o the right. Add zeros if needed. 0.4 = 40%		
1.) Write $\frac{7}{25}$ as a percent and decimal.	2.) Write 19% as a decimal and fraction in simplest form.		
3.) Write $\frac{9}{50}$ as a percent and decimal.	4.) Write 75% as a decimal and fraction in simplest form.		
5.) Ms. Crest surveyed her class and found that 15 out of 30 students brushed their teeth more than twice a day. Write this ratio as a fraction in simplest form, then write it as a % and a decimal.	6.) A local retail store was having a sale and offered all their merchandise as a 25% discount. Write this percent as a fraction in simplest form, then write it as a decimal.		

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation **Objective:** Compare, order, and describe rational numbers. Examples: RATIONAL numbers include fractions, decimal, and percents. To COMPARE or ORDER rational • numbers, they must be in the same form (all fraction or all decimals, or all %s) Example: Order 0.6, 48%, and $\frac{1}{2}$ from least to greatest. **0.6** 48% = 0.48 $\frac{1}{2}$ = 0.5 Step 1 – Change all to decimals. Step 2 – Compare decimals & Order. 0.48, 0.5, 0.6 Step 3 – Write using original form. 48%, $\frac{1}{2}$, 0.6 1.) Order from least to greatest. 2.) Order from least to greatest. 22%, 0.3, $\frac{1}{5}$ 0.74, $\frac{3}{4}$, 70% 4.) Which is the largest? **3.)** Replace () with <, > , or =. $1\frac{3}{8}$ $1\frac{3}{10}$ $1\frac{4}{9}$)58% 6.) Your PE teacher asked you to run for specific time 5.) According to the Pet Food Manufacturer's Association, period. You ran 0.6 of the time. Two of your friends ran 11 out of 25 people own large dogs and 13 out of 50 medium dogs. Do more people own large or medium $\frac{7}{10}$ and 72% of the time. Order the amount of time you dogs? and your friends ran from least to greatest.

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation	on		
Objective: Add, subtract, multiply and divide integers A			
For integers with the same sign:			
 The sum of two positive integers is POSITIVE. 			
 The sum of two negative integers is NEGATIVE. 			
For integers with different signs, subtract their absolu	ute value. The sum is:		
 Positive IF the positive integer has the greater at 	osolute value.		
Negative IF the negative integers has the greater	absolute value.		
Examples:			
- 6 + (- 3) = add keep the sign = - 9 - 34 + (- 21) = add keep the sign = - 55		
8 + (- 7) = subtract keep the sign of the higher = 1	- 5 + 4 = subtract keep the sign of the higher = - 1		
SUBTRAUTION INTEGER RULES:			
• Neep the institution is ante • Switch the subtraction sign to ADDITION			
Change the second number to it's opposite. On	posite: - 6 to 6		
 Follow Addition rules above. 			
Examples:			
6 - 9 = 6 + (- 9) = -3 - 10 -	· (- 12) = - 10 + 12 = 2		
- 3 - 7 = - 3 + (- 7) = - 10 1 - (-2) = 1 + 2 = 3		
	2, 1 2 3		
1.) Add: 2 + (- 7)	2.) Subtract: - 13 - 8		
3) Evaluate a – h if a = - 2 and h = - 7	4) Evaluate x + v + z if x = 3 v = -5 and z = -2		
	4. $\int z^{-1} $		
5.) In Mongolia the temperature can dip down to -45° C	6.) Write an addition expression to describe skateboarding		
in January. The temperature in July may reach 40°C.	situation. Then determine the sum.		
What is the temperature range in Mongolia?			
	Hank starts at the bottom of a half pipe 6 feet below street		
	level. He rises 14 feet at the top of his kickturn.		

o orade Sam			
Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Add, subtract, multiply and divide integers B Examples:			
MULTIPLYING & DIVIDING INTEGER RULES: • Two integers with DIFFERENT signs the answer • Two integers with SAME signs the answer is PO	MULTIPLYING & DIVIDING INTEGER RULES: Two integers with DIFFERENT signs the answer is NEGATIVE. Two integers with SAME signs the answer is POSITIVE. 		
Examples:			
5 (- 2) = 5 times – 2, the signs are different so the answe	r will be negative = - 10		
(- 6) • (- 9) = the signs are the same so the answer will be	positive = 54		
30 \div (- 5) = the signs are different so the answer will be r	negative = - 6		
- 100 \div (- 5) = the signs are the same so the answer will b	pe positive = 20		
1.) Mulitply: - 14 (- 7)	2.) Divide: 350 ÷ (- 25)		
3.) Evaluate if a = - 3 and c = 5	4.) Evaluate if d = - 24, e = - 4, and f = 8		
- 3ac	$\frac{de}{f}$		
	у Т		
5.) A computer stock decreased 2 points each hour for 6 hours. Determine the total change in the stock value over the 6 hours.	6.) A submarine descends at a rate of 60 feet each minute. How long will it take it to descend to a depth of 660 feet below the surface?		

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Add, subtract, and multiply positive fractions and mixed numbers. - A Examples:

• To add unlike fractions (fractions with different denominators), rename the fractions so there is a common denominator.

Add: $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{5} =$	$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1x5}{6x5} = \frac{5}{30}$	$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{2x6}{5x6} = \frac{12}{30}$	$\frac{5}{30} + \frac{12}{30} = \frac{17}{30}$
Add: $12\frac{1}{2} + 8\frac{2}{3} =$	$12\frac{1}{2} = 12\frac{1x3}{2x3} = 12\frac{3}{6}$	$8\frac{2}{3} = 8\frac{2x^2}{3x^2} = 8$	$3\frac{4}{6}$
$12 - + 8 - = 20 - \frac{1}{6}$ $20 + 1 - \frac{1}{6} = 21 - \frac{1}{6}$	– is improper so we	must change it to proper. 7 d	divided by $6 = 1 - 6$
1.) Add: $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9}$		2.) Add: $7\frac{4}{9} + 10\frac{2}{9}$	
3.) Add: $1\frac{5}{9} + 4\frac{1}{6}$		4.) Add: $2\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{2}{3}$	
5.) A quiche recipe calls for 2 A recipe for quesadillas requir cheese. What is the total amo needed for both recipes?	$2\frac{3}{4}$ cups of grated cheese. res $1\frac{1}{3}$ cups of grated pount of grated cheese	6.) You want to make a scarf an pattern calls for $1\frac{7}{8}$ yards of fab $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards of fabric for the hat. H need in all?	d matching hat. The ric for the scarf and ow much fabric do you

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Add, subtract, and multiply positive fractions and mixed numbers. - B Examples:

• To subtract unlike fractions (fractions with different denominators), rename the fractions so there is a common denominator.

	Subtract:	$\frac{7}{8}$	$-\frac{1}{2} =$	$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{7x1}{8x1} = \frac{7}{8}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$=\frac{1x4}{2x4}=\frac{4}{8}$	$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{4}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$	
	Subtract:	$5\frac{3}{4}$	$-2\frac{1}{3} =$	$5\frac{3}{4} = 5\frac{3x3}{4x3} = 5$	9 12		$2\frac{1}{3} = 2\frac{1x4}{3x4} = 2\frac{4}{12}$	
	**Noto:	$5\frac{9}{12}$	$-2\frac{4}{12} = 3\frac{5}{12}$	ou from the who		unch or obourd	to to improper fractions, find a	
	common o	den	ominator, sub	tract, and then cl	hang	e back to pro	oper fractions.	
1.)	Subtract:	$\frac{9}{10}$	$-\frac{1}{10}$			2.) Subtract	t: $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{6}$	
3.)	Subtract:	$9\frac{7}{10}$	$-4\frac{3}{5}$			4.) Subtract	t: $5\frac{3}{8} - 4\frac{11}{12}$	
			2			*Hint: Chan	nge to improper fractions first!	
5.)	Melanie ha	ad 4	$\frac{-}{3}$ pounds of cho	opped walnuts. She	9	6.) Lois has	s $\frac{3}{3}$ pounds of butter. She uses $\frac{5}{4}$ pounds	nd in
us	ed $1\frac{1}{4}$ poun	ds ir	a recipe. How	many pounds of		a recipe. Ho	ow much does she have left? "Hint: Chan actions first.	ige to
ch	opped walnu	uts d	id she have left?	,				

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Add, subtract, and multiply positive fractions and mixed numbers. - C Examples: To multiply fractions – Multiply the numerators & denominators. . Be sure to change mixed numbers to improper fractions before multiplying. $\frac{1}{3}x\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5}{24}$ $1\frac{1}{3}x3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{3}x\frac{17}{5} = \frac{68}{15} = 4\frac{8}{15}$ **Remember: Changing mixed numbers to improper fractions. $2\frac{3}{4} = 4x^2 + 3 = \frac{11}{4}$ $1\frac{1}{3}x21 = \frac{4}{3}x\frac{21}{1} = \frac{4x21}{3x1} = \frac{84}{3} = 28$ **1.)** $\frac{2}{3}x\frac{4}{5} =$ **2.)** $\frac{7}{3} \times 4\frac{1}{2} =$ **3.)** $2\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{1}{3} =$ **4.)** $3 \times 5 \frac{2}{9} =$ 6.) One sixth of the students at a local college are seniors. 5.) Anna wants to make 4 sets of curtains. Each set requires $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards of fabric. How much fabric does she The number of freshmen students is $2\frac{1}{2}$ times that need? amount. What fraction of the students are freshmen?

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Calculate powers of integers and square roots of perfect square whole numbers. Examples: Powers of Integers			
Evaluate 5^4 .Evaluate means to solve. $5^4 = 5 \cdot 5^4$ Evaluate 2^3 . $2^3 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 8$ Evaluate $(-5)^2$. $(-5)^2 = -5 \cdot -5 = 25$ Remember to follow	5 • 5 • 5 = 625 w integer rules!		
 Square Roots A Perfect Square is the square of a whole number. A square root of a number is one of two equal factors of the number. Every positive number has a positive square root and a negative square root. The square root of a negative number such as -25, is not real because the square of a number is never negative. 			
A.) $\sqrt{144}$ Since 12 ² = 144, then $\sqrt{144}$ = 12			
B.) $-\sqrt{49}$ Since $7^2 = 49$, then $\sqrt{49} = -7$ C.) $\pm \sqrt{4}$ Since $2^2 = 4$, then $\pm \sqrt{4} = \pm 2$			
1.) Evaluate: 13 ² =	2.) Evaluate: $\sqrt{81} =$		
3.) Evaluate: (-4) ³ =	4.) Evaluate: $\sqrt{100} =$		
5.) Evaluate: (-2) ² =	6.) Evaluate: √36		

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation **Objective:** Use the laws of exponents to simplify expressions by using the rules of exponents. Examples: Sometimes an algebraic expression or number sentence contains terms with the same base but different exponents. We can simplify these expressions by using the Laws of Exponents. Multiplying with the same base: To multiply two terms with the same base, ADD the exponents **Symbols** Example Xa • xb=xa+b 22 • 24=22+4=26 Therefore $2^2 \bullet 2^4 = 2^6$ Why does this work? 2² • 2⁴ =2•2•2•2•2•2= 2⁶ Dividing with the same base: To divide two terms with the same base, SUBTRACT the exponents Symbols Example $\frac{x^a}{x^b} = x^{a-b}$ $\frac{3^4}{3^2} = 3^{4-2}$ Therefore $\frac{3^4}{3^2} = 3^2$ Why does this work? $\frac{3^4}{3^2} = \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 3} = 3 \cdot 3 = 3^2$ OR $\frac{3^4}{3^2} = \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 3} = \frac{81}{9} = 9 = 3^2$ Simplify each expression using the laws of exponents **2.)** $\frac{7^{10}}{7^3}$ 1.) $5^6 \bullet 5^3$ 4.) $\frac{2^3 \bullet 2^4 \bullet 2^2}{2^6}$ **3.)** $9^4 \bullet 9^4 \bullet 9^4$ 5.) $a^5 \bullet a^6 \bullet a^2$ **6.)** x^a ÷ x^b

Objective: Identify and use the properties of addition and multiplication to simplify expressions using the commutative property.				
Examples: PROPERTY Distributive Property	ARITHMETIC 5(3+4) = 5(3) + 5	(4)	ALGEBRA a (b + c) = a (b) + a (c)	
Commutative Property of Addition	5 + 3 = 3 + 5		a + b = b + a	
Commutative Property of Multiplication	5 x 3 = 3 x 5		a x b = b x a	
Associative Property of Addition	(2 + 3) + 4 = 2 +	(3 + 4)	(a + b) + c = a + (b + c)	
Associative Property of Multiplication	(4 x 5) x 6 = 4 x	(5 x 6)	(a x b) x c = a x (b x c)	
Identity Property of Addition	5 + 0 = 5		a + 0 = a	
Identity Property of Multiplication	5 x 1 = 5		a x 1 = a	
 1.) Use the distributive property to write than equivalent expression. Then evaluate 3(5 + 1) = 3.) Name the property shown; 	e expression s the expression.	2.) Name the prop64.) Name the prop	erty shown: 5 + (1 + 4) = (6 + 1) + 4 erty shown:	
y x 3 = 3 x y			b + 0 = b	
5.) Mr. Brooks was working on addition us with a group of 1 st graders. When picking 3 dots on one end and 5 dots on the other read. "3 plus 5 equals 8" while other read equals 8." What property were these stud Explain.	sing dominoes the domino with , some students it as "5 plus 3 ents using?	6.) Students in Mr. multiplication skills Bailey rolled a 2, a three numbers as f $(2 \times 3) \times 5 = 30$. W performed the mult the numbers. State	River's class were practicing their by rolling three 6-sided number cubes. 3, and a 5 on her roll. He multiplied the follows using the order of operations: (rite another way Bailey could have ciplication without changing the order of the property you used.	

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Estimate to determine approximate sums, differences, products, and quotients. Examples: Estimate by rounding to the nearest whole numbers.				
e the problem simpler – estimate befor	re computing.			
23.485 – 9.757 = 23 – 10 = 13	6.43 + 2.17 + 9.1 + 4.87 = 6 + 2 + 9 + 5 = 22			
43.9 x 37.5 = 40 x 40 = 1600	432.87 ÷ 8.9 = 450 ÷ 9 = 50			
$3\frac{2}{3} + 5\frac{1}{6} = 4 + 5 = 9$	$6\frac{2}{5} \times 1\frac{7}{8} = 6 \times 2 = 12$			
$8\frac{7}{9} \div 2\frac{3}{4} = 9 \div 3 = 3$				
ing:				
8.4	2.) $2\frac{1}{5} + 3\frac{1}{2} =$			
	3 1			
	4.) $4\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{1}{4} =$			
	6.) $15\frac{8}{9} \div 3\frac{3}{5} =$			
	and ing to the nearest whole numbers. The problem simpler – estimate beform 23.485 – 9.757 = 23 – 10 = 13 43.9 x 37.5 = 40 x 40 = 1600 $3\frac{2}{3} + 5\frac{1}{6} = 4 + 5 = 9$ $8\frac{7}{9} \div 2\frac{3}{4} = 9 \div 3 = 3$ ng: 8.4			

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Determine equivalent ratios.

Examples:

- Any ratio can be written as a fraction. To write a ratio comparing measurements, such as units of length or units of time, both quantities must have the SAME unit of measure.
- Two ratios that have the same value are EQUIVALENT RATIOS.

Write the ratio 15 to 9 as a fraction in simplest form. 15 to 9 = $\frac{15}{9} = \frac{\div 3}{\div 3} = \frac{5}{3}$

Write 40 centimeters to 2 meters as a fraction in simplest form.

 $\frac{40 \text{ centimeter s}}{2 \text{ meters}} = \frac{40 \text{ centimeter s}}{200 \text{ centimeter s}} = \frac{\div 40}{\div 40} = \frac{1 \text{ centimeter}}{5 \text{ centimeter s}} = \frac{1}{5}$

• A PROPORTION is an equation stating that 2 ratios are equivalent. Since rates are types of ratios, they can also form proportions. In a proportion, a CROSS PRODUCT is the product of the numerator of one ratio and the denominator of the other ratio.

Determine whether $\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{10}{15}$ form a proportion (are equivalent ratios).

3		15
	?	
2 x 15	=	3 x 10
n. 30	=	30

?

10

	-		
The cross products are equal, so the ratios are equivalent and form a pro	portion.	30	=

 1.) Write the ratio as a fraction in simplest form. *Remember: ratios must have the SAME measurement. 12 feet : 10 yards 	2.) Determine whether the pair of ratios is equivalent and forms a proportion. $\frac{6}{14} = \frac{9}{21}$
3.) Determine whether the ratios are equivalent. Explain. 12:17 and 10:15	4.) Determine whether the pair of ratios is equivalent and forms a proportion. $\frac{\$2.48}{4 \text{ oz}} = \frac{\$3.72}{6 \text{ oz}}$
5.) In baseball, David has 10 hits out of 14 at bats. Adam has 15 hits out of 21 at bats. For each player, write a ratio that represents his total number of hits out of times at bat. Are these ratios equivalent?	6.) Sarah can drive 198 miles on 11 gallons of gasoline. On 6 gallons of gasoline, Rachel can travel 138 miles. Write a ratio that compares miles traveled per gallon of gasoline for each car. Do the cars get the same mileage?

 Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Determine or use ratios, unit rates, and percents in the context of the problem A Examples: A RATE is a fixed ratio between two quantities of different units, such as miles and hours, dollars and hours, points and games. If the second number of a rate is 1 then the rate is called a UNIT RATE. UNIT RATE examples: 60 miles per hour and \$15 per hour 				
Last week Mike worked 30 hours and earned \$240. What was his rate of pay?				
STRATEGY: Divide the total earned by the number of hours.Step 1: How much money did Mike earn?\$240Step 2: How many hours did he work?30 hoursStep 3: Determine the rate of pay.Divide the amount of money earned by the number of hours.				
$\frac{\text{amount of \$}}{\text{\# of hours worked}} = \frac{240}{30} = \8 per hour				
The unit price of a can of tuna fish at the GHK Sup	permarket is \$2.43. How much will 7 cans cost?			
STRATEGY: Use the definition of unit price.Step 1: Unit price means the price of one unit or\$2.43the price of one can of tupa fish				
Step 2: Multiply. SOLUTION: Seven cans of tuna fish cost \$17.01	2.43 x 7 = \$17.01			
1.) You earned 20 points on a test out of 50. What was your percent on the test?	2.) Chad purchased 6 Fierce Grape Gatorades for \$12.00. If Chad wanted to go back and buy one Tropical Punch Gatorade at the same price, how much would it cost?			
3.) Your family was headed to the beach for summer vacation. You drove 560 miles in 8 hours. Determine how many miles you drove per hour.	4.) Pam typed 325 words in 25 minutes. How many words did she type per minute?			
5.) There are 1000 students in a middle school for 4 lunch shifts. Determine how many students will eat on each lunch shift.	6.) Giant Eagle was having a big 4 th of July sale on sodas. Giant Eagle was selling Coke Fridge Packs at \$3.00 for 12 sodas. Determine the cost of one soda.			

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Determine or use ratios, unit rates, and percents in the context of the problem B Examples:				
Examples: Solving Proportions: Solve $\frac{8}{a} = \frac{10}{15}$ $8 \times 15 = a \times 1$ 120 = 10a $120 \div 10 = 10 a$ 12 = a Sometimes Proportions involve Percents. 600 is what percent of 750? $\frac{n}{100} = \frac{600}{750}$ n x 750 = 600 x 100	0 ÷ 10 In this case, we Chad's footba How many gar Use the percer Cross multiply	PERCENT PROPORTION / EQUATION $\frac{\%}{100} = \frac{\text{part (is)}}{\text{total (of)}}$ we use the PERCENT PROPORTION.we use the PERCENT PROPORTION.we use the team played 25 games. They won 68% of them.ames did the team win?ent proportion: $\frac{68\%}{100} = \frac{x}{25}$ why: $68 \times 25 = 100 \times 1000$		
<u>750 n</u> = <u>60000</u>	Solve	<u>1700</u> = <u>100 x</u> 100 100		
750 750	Anowary Char	x = 17		
n = 80%	Answer: Cha	ad s football team won 17 out of 25 games.		
1.) It is recommended that for every 8 square surface, a pond should have 2 fish. A pond th surface of 72 square feet should contain how	e feet of nat has a many fish?	2.) An 8-ounce glass of Orange juice contains 72 milligrams of vitamin C. How much juice contains 36 milligrams of vitamin C?		
3.) 9 is what percent of 30?		4.) What percent of 56 is 14?		
96				
5.) Kristen and Melissa spent 35% of their \$3 movie tickets. How much money did they spe	2.00 on end?	6.) Jake's club has 35 members. Its rules require that 60% of them must be present for any vote. At least how many members must be present to have a vote?		
ADNE A				

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation

Objective: Determine **rate of increase and decrease, discounts**, simple interest, commission, sales tax. - A **Examples:**

• A percent of change is a ratio that compares the change in quantity to the original amount. If the original quantity is increased, it is a PERCENT OF INCREASE. If the original quantity is decreased, it is a PERCENT OF DECREASE.

Last year 2,376 people attended the rodeo. This year, attendance was 2,950. What was the percent of change in attendance to the nearest whole percent?

- Since this year's attendance is greater than last year's attendance, this is a percent of INCREASE.
- The amount of increase is 2,950 2,376 = 574. (Percent of DECREASE: original new.)
- Use the proportion: $\frac{\%}{100} = \frac{\text{amount of change}}{\text{original amount}}$ $\frac{n}{100} = \frac{574}{2,376}$ n = 0.24 or 24%
- The rodeo attendance increased by about 24%.

DISCOUNT

Determine the price of a \$69.50 tennis racket that is on sale for 20% off.

Use the percent proportion to determine the amount of discount. $\frac{20}{100} = \frac{n}{69.50}$ 20 x 69.50 = 100n

The amount of discount is \$13.90

■ Subtract the amount of discount from the price. 69.50 – 13.90 = \$55.60 The sale price of the tennis racket is \$55.60.

1.) Determine the percent of change. Round to the nearest whole percent if necessary. State whether the percent of change is an INCREASE or DECREASE.Original: 250New: 100	2.) Determine the sale price to the nearest cent.\$39.00 jeans40% off
3.) Determine the percent of change. Round to the nearest whole percent if necessary. State whether the percent of change is an INCREASE or DECREASE.Original: \$84New: \$100	4.) Justin is buying a cell phone that has a regular price of \$149. The cell phone is on sale for 15% off the regular price. What will be the sale price?
5.) Alicia planted 45 tulip bulbs last year. This year she plans to plant 65 bulbs. Determine the percent of increase in the number of tulip bulbs to the nearest tenth.	**6.) You want to buy a new sweater. The regular price was \$48 dollars. The sale price was \$34. What was the percent of discount to the nearest percent.

Unit: Knowledge of Number Relationships & Computation Objective: Determine rate of increase and decrease, discounts, simple interest, commission, sales tax, - B				
Examples'				
 SALES TAX is a percent of the purchase price and is an amount paid in addition to the purchase price. 				
Determine the total price of a \$17.55 soccer ball if the sales	ax is 6%			
Determine the sales tax by changing % to a decimal and r	nultiply $17.55 \times 0.06 = 1.07 (TAX)$			
Add price and tax to determine the total price	17 55 + 1 07 = 18 82			
	11.00 1.01 10.02			
COMMISSION is the amount a salesman/woman r commission, change the % to a decimal and mult	nakes for selling items. To determine the amount of ply by the total amount sold.			
Determine the commission for a RV salesman, whose sales earns a 4% commission	for the month of March totaled \$149,000. The salesman			
Change 4% to a decimal $4\% = 0.04$ M	Itinly decimal and total sold $0.04 \times 149000 = 5960$			
The RV salesman/woman will make a total commissio	n of \$5,960 for the month of March.			
SIMPLE INTEREST the amount of money paid or earned for the use of money. To determine simple interest I, use the formula I = prt. Principal p is the amount of money deposited or invested. Rate r is the annual interest rate written as a decimal. Time t is the amount of time the money is invested in years.				
Determine the simple interest earned in a savings account w	here \$136 is denosited for 2 years if the interest rate is			
7 5% per vear				
$l = nrt$ $l = 136 \cdot 0.075 \cdot 2$	I = 20.40 The simple interest earned is \$20.40			
1) Jeremy wants to huy a skateboard but does not know if	2) Blake bought two magazines for \$4.05 each. If the			
he has enough money. The price of the skateboard is \$85	sales tax was 6.75% what was the total amount that he			
and the sales tax is 6%. What will be the total cost of the	naid for the magazines?			
skatehoard?				
Skaleboard				
3) How much interest will Hannah earn in 4 years if she	1) You are a real estate agent. For every house you sell			
denosite \$630 in a savings account at 6.5% simple	you earn 3.8% commission. This month you sold 2 houses			
interest?	that had a combined total of \$560,950. How much			
	commission will you earn?			
5) When Melissa was born, her parents put \$8,000 into a	6) A car salesman earns 7% commission on his total			
college fund account that earned 0% simple interest	sales this month. If he sells 2 cars at \$15.670 each and a			
Determine the total amount in the account after 18 years	truck at \$25,995, how much commission will be earn?			
betermine the total amount in the account after 10 years.	(hint: You need to find the total amount of sales first)			